1 1 Crime Time

Unit Opener page 135 11.1 break into (phr v) /breik 'intu:/

11.1 break into (phr v) /breɪk 'ɪntuː/
force entry into a place and steal things
Our house was broken into and my laptop
was stolen.

Reading

page 136

- judge (n) /dʒ∧dʒ/
 sb who decides a punishment in court
 The judge listened carefully to the arguments before making a decision. > judge (v), judgement (v)
- 11.3 convict (n) /'kpnvɪkt/
 sb who is guilty of a crime and has been sent
 to prison The convicts in that prison were
 allowed one visitor per week. ➤ convict (v),
 conviction (n)
- arsonist (n) /'aːsənɪst/
 sb who sets fires intentionally The arsonist
 who set fire to the forest has been arrested.
 > arson (n)
- vandal (n) /'vaːndl/
 sb who damages public property intentionally
 Vandals smashed shop windows in the high street last night. > vandalise (v), vandalism (n)
- 11.6 guard (n) /gaːd/ sb who works in a prison and whose job it is to make sure prisoners don't escape ● The guard watched the prisoners carefully in the yard. >> guard (v)

Word Focus page 136

- 11.7 Alcatraz (n) /ˈælkətræz/
 an island prison in San Francisco Bay
 They say nobody ever escaped from Alcatraz.
- 11.8 notorious (adj) /nəʊ'tɔːrɪəs/
 famous for a bad reason Jack the Ripper
 was a notorious criminal who killed women in
 London over a hundred years ago.

 > notoriety (n)
- nemorabilia (pl n) /memərəˈbɪlɪə/
 objects relating to famous people or events
 that people collect Collectors are interested
 in memorabilia like old toys and comics from
 the last century.
- 11.10 paranormal (n) /pærəˈnɔːml/ impossible to explain by natural forces or by science ● Films about the paranormal really scare me! ➤ paranormal (adj)

Reading

pages 136-137

- 11.11 jail (n) /dʒeɪl/ a prison ● The robbers were sent to jail for ten years. >> jail (v), jailer (n)
- **11.12 time** (n) /taɪm/ a particular period of time ● *Marie Curie was* the most famous woman scientist of her time.
- 11.13 serve as sth (expr) /s₃ɪv (æz) 'sʌmθɪŋ/
 be useful as sth The old court now serves as
 a museum.
- 11.14 court house (n) /kɔːt haʊs/
 a building where the court is The police
 brought the man into the court house for the
 trial.
- 11.15 court session (n) /kɔːt 'se∫n/a period of time when a trial is in progressYou have to be silent during a court session.
- 11.16 hold (v) /həʊld/
 take place; organise sth The trial of the notorious robber was held in the city court house.
- 11.17 insurance company (n) /ɪnˈʃɔːrəns ˈkʌmpəni/
 company that you buy insurance from which
 will pay you if sth is stolen or broken When
 her house was broken into, her insurance
 company paid her the cost of the stolen items.
- 11.18 house (v) /haʊz/
 If a building houses sth, it is kept there.
 This museum houses a collection of contemporary art.
- 11.19 witness (v) /'witnis/ see sth happen, especially an accident or crime • She witnessed the robbery and had to appear in court. ➤ witness (n)
- flicker (v) /'flɪkə/
 go on and off quickly The lights flickered
 on and off in the storm and scared us all.
 > flicker (n)
- weapon (n) /'wepən/
 an object like a knife or gun used to hurt or kill
 The weapon used to kill the victim was a large kitchen knife.
- 11.22 match (n) /mætʃ/ small wooden stick used to light a fire, a cigarette, etc ● Have you got any matches so I can light a campfire?
- 11.23 admission (n) /əd'mɪ∫n/ entry • Admission to this museum is five euros. ➤ admit (v)

- 11.24 pensioner (n) /'pen∫ənə/
 sb who has retired and receives an amount
 of money regularly from the government or a
 company Next month Fred will retire after 35
 years of work and become a pensioner.

 > pension (n)
- 11.25 entry (n) /'entri/
 the act of going into a place You can't go in
 there. The sign says 'No entry'. ➤ enter (v)
- 11.26 under (strict) supervision (expr)
 /'Andə (strikt) suːpə'viʒn/
 watched closely The convicts are always
 under strict supervision.
- troublemaker (n) /'trʌblmeɪkə/
 sb who deliberately causes problems
 Troublemakers often make a lot of noise in the city centre at night.
- 11.28 spare (adj) /speə(r)/

 If sth is spare, you do not need it or are not using it I've got a spare ticket you can have it. ➤ spare (v)
- 11.29 cell (n) /sel/
 a small room in a prison where prisoners are kept The cells in the prison are locked so the prisoners cannot escape.
- 11.30 entrance (n) /'entrəns/
 a door, gate, etc, through which you can
 enter a building or place Wait for me at the
 museum entrance. ➤ enter (v)
- 11.31 suit every pocket (expr) /suɪt 'evri 'pɒkɪt/
 be suitable for people who have different
 amounts of money to spend We have prices
 to suit every pocket.
- **11.33 grand** (adj) /grænd/ stylish and impressive *The palace is a very grand building.*
- 11.34 date back (phr v) /deɪt 'bæk/
 If sth dates back to a particular time in the past, it has existed since that time. That building dates back to 1922.
- 11.35 grounds (pl n) /graundz/ the land around a large building ● There is a yard in the grounds of this prison.
- 11.36 swordfight (n) /'sɔːdfaɪt/ a battle using swords ● There was a great swordfight in the film about Samurai warriors.
- **11.37 numerous** (adj) /njuːmə'rəs/ many • *There are numerous burglaries in this* area every year.
- 11.38 sighting (n) /'sartɪŋ/
 an occasion when sth (unusual) is seen
 Did you believe the report about the sighting of a ghost? >> sight (n)

- 11.39 guilty (adj) /'gɪlti/
 having done sth illegal He was found guilty
 and sent to prison for four years. ➤ guilt (n)

 © Opp: innocent
- 11.41 vandalism (n) /'vændəlɪzm/
 the crime of deliberately damaging public
 property There was a lot of vandalism after
 the football game. ➤ vandalise (v), vandal (n)
- **11.42 spray-paint** (v) /'spreI-peInt/ paint with spray in a can *Vandals have spray-painted most of the buildings in the town centre.*

Vocabulary

- prosecution (n) /prɒsɪ'kjuːʃn/
 lawyers who try to prove sb is guilty
 The prosecution had CCTV footage of the thief at the scene of the crime. >> prosecute (v)
- 11.44 defence (n) /dɪ¹fens/
 lawyers who try to prove sb is innocent
 The defence said there was not enough proof to find him guilty. > defend (v)
- 11.45 theft (n) /θeft/
 stealing Theft is a serious problem in many schools, so never take expensive things with you. ➤ thief (n)
- 11.46 sentence (n) /'sentəns/
 a period of time in prison as punishment
 The sentence she received for theft was four years in prison. ➤ sentence (v)
- alibi (n) /ˈælɪbaɪ/
 proof that you were somewhere else when a
 crime was committed He had an alibi for the
 time of the murder.
- 11.48 verdict (n) /'v3ːdɪkt/
 an official decision made in a court about
 whether sb is guilty of a crime The verdict
 was that the accused man was guilty of
 murder.
- 11.49 try (v) /traɪ/
 judge a person in a court The bank robbers
 were tried in court and sentenced to ten years
 in prison. ➤ trial (n)
- 11.50 convict (v) /kən'vɪkt/
 find sb guilty of a crime She was convicted
 of murder and sent to prison.
 ➤ convict, conviction (n)
- 11.51 burglar (n) /'b3:glə/ sb who goes into houses, shops etc and steals things ● Burglars stole our DVD player and all the money we had in the house. ➤ burgle (v), burglary (n)

- 11.52 pickpocket (n) /'pikpokit/ sb who steals from people's pockets ● When he got to work, he realised a pickpocket had stolen his wallet from his coat. > pickpocketing (n)
- 11.53 lawyer (n) /lɔɪə/
 sb who represents people in court You will
 need a lawyer if you want to go to court over
 the car crash. ➤ law (n)
- defendant (n) /dɪ'fendənt/
 sb accused of a crime who is being tried in court
 The defendant said he was innocent at the start of the trial. ➤ defend (v)
- 11.55 suffer the consequences (expr)
 /'sʌfə ðə 'kɒnsɪkwənsɪz/
 face the result of sth you have done
 He broke the law. He should suffer the consequences.
- 11.56 serve a sentence (expr) /s3ːv ə 'sentəns/
 be in prison for a length of time He is serving
 a sentence of six months for theft.
- 11.57 shoplifting (n) /'∫opliftin/ stealing from shops • There are security guards in many shops to stop people from shoplifting. ➤ shoplifter (n)
- 11.58 motive (n) /'məʊtɪv/
 the reason sb does sth What was his motive for the murder?
- 11.59 patrol (v) /pə'trəʊl/
 go around an area to check there is no trouble
 or danger The police patrol this area at night.
 >> patrol (n)
- 11.60 community service (expr) /kəˈmjuːnəti ˈsɜːvɪs/ work that sb does to help other people as punishment for a crime The actor was told to do three months' community service when he was found guilty of driving while drunk.
- 11.61 handcuffs (pl n) /'hænk∧fs/
 two metal rings joined by a chain put around
 a prisoner's wrists The police officer put
 handcuffs on the robber and took him to the
 station. ➤ handcuff (v)
- 11.62 trial (n) /'traɪəl/
 a formal meeting in court to decide if sb is
 guilty of a crime Trials can last for days or
 even weeks. ➤ try (v)
- 11.63 eye-witness (n) /'aɪ-wɪtnɪs/
 sb who sees a crime The eye-witness
 recognised the defendant as the man who
 had robbed the bank.
- 11.64 seal off (phr v) /sixl pf/ stop people from entering an area or building
 Police have sealed off the area where there is a bomb.

- 11.65 suspect (n) /'s∧spekt/ sb police think committed a crime • The suspect in the case insisted that she was innocent. > suspect (v), suspicion (n), suspicious (adj)
- slip out of sth (phr v) /slip aut əv 'sʌmθiŋ/ remove sth like an item of clothing quickly
 The burglar slipped out of his coat as the police officer tried to grab him.
- 11.67 defend (v) /dɪ'fend/
 be the lawyer of sb who is charged with a
 crime Who is going to defend Jones in
 court? ➤ defence (n)
- 11.68 prosecute (v) /'prɒsɪkjuːt/
 say officially in a court that sb has done sth
 wrong He was prosecuted for theft.
 >> prosecution (n)
- drink driving (n) /'prvsikjuit/
 driving after having drunk too much alcohol
 Drink driving is the cause of more than thirty per cent of road accidents.

Grammar

- 11.70 life sentence (n) /laɪf 'sentəns/
 a punishment by which sb spends the rest
 of their life in prison He was given a life
 sentence for killing his wife.
- break down (phr v) /breik daun/
 be unable to control your feelings and start
 crying She broke down when they gave her
 the news.
- **11.72 jury** (n) /'dʒʊəri/ a group of people in a court who decide if sb is guilty • *The jury found her guilty.*
- 11.73 shame (n) /∫eɪm/
 the unhappy feeling you have when you know
 that sth you have done is wrong or stupid

 I would die of shame if my friends ever found
 out about this. > shame (v), ashamed (adj),
 shameful (adj)
- 11.74 lack (v) /læk/
 not have any or enough of sth that you need
 She's beautiful but she lacks talent.
 ➤ lack (n), lacking (adj)
- 11.75 the blues (n) /ðə bluːz/ a slow sad style of music that comes from the southern US ● No one sang the blues like the singer Billie Holiday.
- 11.76 cashier (n) /kæ'∫ɪə/ sb you pay in a shop • We paid the cashier who then put our shopping in a bag.
- 11.77 cash drawer (n) /kæ∫ drɔː/
 the place where money is kept in a shop
 The thief opened the cash drawer and took
 all the money from it.

- 11.78 tie sb/sth up (v) /taɪ 'sʌmbədi/'sʌmθɪŋ ʌp/ bind sb or sth with rope The burglar tied up the couple and then stole all their things.
- 11.79 counter (n) /'kaʊntə/
 the flat surface where you are served in a shop, bank, etc I handed the butcher the money for the meat over the counter.
- 11.80 show up (phr v) /∫əʊ ʌp/
 appear; arrive The police showed up during
 the robbery and arrested the criminals.
- 11.81 work out a deal (expr) /'wsːk aʊt ə diːl/ make an agreement or arrangement, eg in business, that helps both sides Their lawyer managed to work out a deal, so they only paid £2.000.
- 11.82 fine (n) /faɪn/
 money paid as punishment The judge
 ordered the defendant to pay a fine of five
 thousand euros. ➤ fine (v)
- 11.83 forged (adj) /fɔːdʒd/
 If sth is forged, it is copied illegally to make people think it is real. He was arrested at the airport for trying to leave the country with a forged passport. ➤ forgery (n)

Listening

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- 11.84 break the law (expr) /breɪk ðə lɔː/
 commit a crime When he broke the law,
 he was tried and sent to prison.
- disabled (adj) /dɪs'eɪbld/
 having an illness, injury or condition that
 makes it difficult to do things other people do

 The court house had special entrances and
 other facilities for disabled people.

 disability (n)
- 11.86 CV (n, abbrv) /si: vi:/
 a brief account of your professional details
 used in job applications He sent a CV to the
 police force hoping to get an interview.
 NB: CV = curriculum vitae
- 11.87 attitude problem (n) /ˈætɪtjuːd ˈprɒbləm/
 when sb does not behave in a way that is
 acceptable to other people The owner of that
 shop has a serious attitude problem!
- 11.88 unfair (adj) /ˌʌn'feə(r)/
 not treating people in the same way or in the right way ➤ You're being unfair. It's not his fault.

Grammar

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11.89 goods (n) /g∪dz/
things that belong to sb and that can be
moved • The stolen goods were returned to
Mr Edwards.

Use your English

- 11.90 against the law (expr) /əˈgenst ðə lɔː/
 illegal It is against the law for people under
 18 to drive.
- under arrest (expr) /'Andər ə'rest/
 When sb is under arrest, the police take them to a police station and keep them there because they believe that person has done sth illegal.
 'Stop! You're under arrest!' the police officer told the man.
- 11.92 police record (n) /pəˈliːs rɪˈkɔːd/
 When sb has a police record, they have committed crimes in the past. *The man had a police record.*
- tackle (v) /'tækl/try to deal with a difficult problem or situationHow shall we tackle the problem?
- 11.94 plead guilty (expr) /pliːd 'gɪlti/ admit you have committed a crime in a court of law • The defendant pleaded guilty to robbery.
- 11.95 solve a case (expr) /svlv ə keɪs/
 find the correct explanation for sth that is being
 investigated Solving a case takes patience
 and hard work.
- 11.96 mend (my) ways (expr) /mend (mai) weiz/ improve the way you behave after behaving badly for a long time After his release from prison, the man was determined to mend his ways and obey the law.
- 11.97 litter (n) /'lɪtə/
 rubbish in the street, etc Please don't drop
 litter in the park. Put it in the bins provided.
- 11.98 Neighbourhood Watch scheme (n)
 /'neɪbəhʊd wɒtʃ skiːm/
 a system organised by a group of neighbours
 in which members of the group watch each
 other's houses in order to prevent crime
 Since they started a Neighbourhood
 Watch scheme here, there have been fewer
 burglaries.
- 11.99 glamorous (adj) /'glæmərəs/ attractive and exciting ● James Bond films make the life of a spy seem glamorous. >> glamour (n)
- 11.100 reality (n) /ri'æləti/
 what is actually true, not what is imagined to
 be The reality of the situation is that unless
 the police patrol this area regularly, burglaries
 will continue to occur. ➤ real (adj)
- 11.101 interpret (v) /ɪn'tɜːprɪt/
 work out the meaning of sth The investigator
 interpreted the facts and found the guilty
 person. ➤ interpretation (n)
- 11.102 methodical (adj) /məˈθρdɪkl/
 doing things in a careful and logical way
 She doesn't work fast, but she is very
 methodical. ➤ method (n)

- 11.103 rush (v) /r∧ʃ/
 do sth too quickly Don't rush through the
 crime report in case you miss something.
- 11.104 sentence (to) (v) /'sentəns (tuː)/
 punish sb and send them to prison The
 murderer was sentenced to life imprisonment.
 >> sentence (n)

Writing: an essay - advantages and disadvantages page

pages 144-145

- 11.105 put sb/sth at risk (expr)
 /put 'sʌmbədi/'sʌmθɪŋ ət rɪsk/
 put sb in danger The lack of police patrols in
 the city puts the residents at risk.
- 11.106 cut costs (expr) /kʌt kɒsts/
 reduce the amount of money that you spend
 Now that Jo has lost her job, we'll need to cut costs.
- 11.107 alternative (adj) /ɔːl'tɜːnətɪv/
 that you can do, use, etc instead of sth else
 We'll have to find an alternative solution.
- 11.108 young offender (n) / jʌŋ ə'fendə/ a criminal who is not an adult according to British law ● It is difficult to know how to deal with young offenders. ➤ offend (v), offence (n)
- 11.109 put off (phr v) /pυt vf/
 make sb dislike or not want to do sth
 I wanted to try the fish, but the smell put me off.
- 11.110 judge (v) /dʒ∧dʒ/ decide if sb is guilty or not in a court • She was judged guilty. > judge (n)
- 11.111 individually (adv) /,ɪndɪ'vɪdʒuəli/
 separately and not as a group Mr Fox spoke
 to each student individually. ➤ individual (n,
 adj)
- 11.112 let sb off (expr) /let 'sʌmbədi ɒf/
 not punish sb The troublemakers were let off
 with a warning, but were told to obey the law
 in future.
- 11.113 pros and cons (expr) /prəʊz ən kɒns/ advantages and disadvantages ● What are the pros and cons of giving criminals longer prison sentences?
- 11.114 the punishment fits the crime (expr)
 /ðə 'p∧nı∫mənt fits ðə kraım/
 If a crime is serious, the sentence should be severe, but if the crime is not serious, the sentence should be less severe Ten years in prison is too long! The punishment should fit the crime.

11.115 offend (v) /ə¹fend/ commit a crime • Some youngsters offend in order to show off to their friends.

> offence, offender (n)

Crime and punishment

break into plead guilty break the law prosecute convict seal off defend sentence

judge serve a sentence let sb off solve a case

patrol

Video: Cambodia Animal Rescue

- 11.116 legally (adv) /'liːgəli/
 allowed by law If you have a driving licence,
 you can legally drive a car. ➤ legal (adj)

 ⑤ Opp: illegally
- 11.117 trade (v) /treɪd/
 buy and sell They trade in legal goods from
 China. > trade (n)
- 11.118 mobile unit (n) /'məʊbaɪl 'juɪnɪt/
 a group of people who work together and are
 not based in an office but drive from place to
 place Our mobile unit covers London and
 Kent.
- poaching (n) /'pəʊtʃɪŋ/
 illegally catching or killing animals
 Poaching has led to many animals becoming endangered. > poach (v), poacher (n)
- 11.120 grind (v) /graind/ crush into a powder • She grinds fresh coffee beans every morning and the kitchen smells great. ➤ grinder (n)
- 11.121 endangered (adj) /ɪn'deɪndʒəd/ at risk ● Many endangered animals are protected by law so that they don't become extinct. ➤ endanger (v)
- **11.122 gibbon** (n) /'gɪbən/ a small animal like a monkey with long arms and no tail ● *Gibbons eat fruit, leaves and* insects.
- 11.123 have a hard time (expr) /həv ə haːd 'taɪm/ be in a difficult or unpleasant situation
 She had a hard time in her teens.
- 11.124 powder (n) /'paʊdə/ a dust-like substance ● Flour is a powder used in baking bread and cakes.

11.125 process (v) /'prəʊses/
prepare ● Coffee beans must be processed
before they can be used to make coffee.

>> process (n)

11.126 the wild (n) /ðə waɪld/
a natural environment not controlled by people

• There are very few pandas left in the wild.

People in crime and punishment

arsonist eye-witness pickpocket
burglar guard prosecution
convict judge suspect (n)
defence jury vandal
defendant lawyer young offender