2 One World?

Reading

page 18

- 2.1 availability (n) /ə'veɪlə'bɪlɪti / how easy it is to obtain or get sth • The availability of fresh fruit in winter was limited in the past. > available (adj)
- 2.2 goods (pl n) /gudz/ things made to be sold • This shop sells leather goods such as bags, shoes and boots.
- 2.3 service (n) /'S3IVIS/ an organisation or system that provides sth to the public ● *The bus service is good in our area*.
- 2.4 globalisation (n) /'gləʊbəlaɪ'zeı∫n/ making something such as business operate in a lot of different countries all over the world
 Globalisation has led to people all over the world working together, often using English to communicate. ➤ global (adj)

Word Focus page 19

- 2.5 source (n) / SDIS / the place or thing from which sth originates
 Lack of money is a source of unhappiness for most people.
- **profit** (n) /'prpfI/
 the amount of money you gain when you are paid more for sth than it cost *The company made a huge profit selling clothes for teenagers*.
 > profitable (adj), profitably (adv), profit (v)
 Sopp: loss
- 2.7 **boundary** (n) / 'baʊndəri/ an imaginary line that separates one area of land from another • *We planted a hedge at the boundary between our houses.*
- **2.8** edge (n) /εdʒ/ the place or line where sth stops • Don't walk near the edge of the cliff! You might fall!
- 2.9 tolerance (n) / 'tølərəns / willingness to accept the things people do or say even if you do not agree with them
 • Tolerance is important if we want to live together peacefully. >> tolerant (adj), tolerate (v)
 © Opp: intolerance
- 2.10 willingness (n) /'wɪlɪŋnəs/ not minding doing sth; not objecting to doing sth • *l appreciate your willingness to help, but l can do the work by myself.* ➤ willing (adj), willingly (adv)
- **2.11 lyrics** (pl n) /'lIrIks/ the words of a song • The lyrics of this song are in German, so I can't understand them.

Reading

- page 18–19
- 2.12 destroy (v) /dIs'tr⊃I/ ruin • Online bullying destroyed her confidence and she no longer wanted to go out. ➤ destruction (n), destructive (adj)
- 2.13 employment (n) / Im'ploImənt/ having a paid job ● There are few employment opportunities for young people these days. > employ (v), employer, employee (n) Sopp: unemployment
- 2.14 manufacture (v) /mænjʊ'fæktʃə/ make things in a factory • Delta is a company that manufactures dairy products. ➤ manufacturer (n)
- 2.15 ship (v) /∫Ip/ send things by sea • It took two weeks to ship our things from Greece to the UK. ➤ ship, shipping (n)
- 2.16 unemployed (adj) / ∧nım'plɔid / not having a job even though you want one
 Unemployed workers can become depressed if they don't find another job quickly. > unemployment (n)
- **2.17 give up** (phr v) /gIV Λ p/ stop doing or having sth • *The work was difficult, but they didn't give up and succeeded in the end.*
- 2.18 barely (adv) /'bεəlɪ/ used to say that sth is only just true or possible
 He spoke so softly that I could barely hear him.
- **2.19** survive $(v) / s \partial^{1} vaiv/$ stay alive • All the passengers survived the coach crash. \gg survival, survivor (n)
- 2.20 support (v) /sə'pɔːt/ provide sb with money or the things they need
 • She works hard to support her family.
 >> support, supporter (n)
- 2.21 foreign (adj) /'førən/ from another country • Foreign tourists always want to visit the Acropolis before they return to their own countries. ➤ foreigner (n)
- 2.22 company (n) /'k∧mp∂ni/ business • Microsoft is one of the most profitable companies in the world.
- 2.23 connect (v) /kə'nekt/ join • You can connect to the Internet at any Internet café. ➤ connection (n)
- 2.24 identity (n) /aɪ'dentəti/ who sb is ● The cultural identity of many people is reflected in their music. >> identify (v), identification (n)
- 2.25 respect (n) /rI'spεkt/ not doing things that other people dislike or regard as wrong • You must show respect to other people and be polite to them. ➤ respect (v), respectful, respectable (adj) S disrespect

2.26 climate change (n) /'klaımət tfeindz/ changing global weather patterns • Scientists predict that climate change will cause difficult weather conditions for the world in the future. 2.27 local (adj) /'ləʊkl/ from the place you are in • We tried local dishes like moussaka when we visited Greece. \succ locally (adv) 2.28 **chain** (n) /tfein/ many shops, hotels etc of the same kind • Zara is a chain, so you can find Zara shops in many places. catch on (phr v) /kætʃ ɒn/ 2.29 become popular • The new fashion auickly cauaht on and soon everyone was wearing the same style. 2.30 dairy product (exp) /'dɛɪri 'prɒdʌkt/ a food such as butter, cheese or yoghurt • I love eating dairy products like cheese and yoghurt. 2.31 **uniqueness** (n) /juː'niːknəs/ being the only one of its kind • The uniqueness of this object makes it valuable. It is the only one in existence. > unique (adj), uniquely (adv) 2.32 **lifestyle** (n) /'laɪfstaɪl/ how sb lives • Many people envy the lifestyle of the rich and famous. 2.33 similar (adj) /'sımələ/ almost the same • We have similar interests, which is why we get on so well. > similarity (n) 🔊 Opp: dissimilar **potential** (n) /pə(ບ)'tɛnʃəl/ 2.34 the ability to be useful or successful in the future • You have the potential to be a good musician, but you have to practise harder. > potential (adj), potentially (adv) 2.35 **concern** (v) /kən'səɪn/ If sth concerns you, it worries you. • Climate change concerns me; it's a very serious problem. concern (n), concerned (adj) 2.36 **impact** (n) /'Impækt/ having a strong effect on sb or sth • The economic crisis has had an impact on most people's lives. 2.37 wealthy (adj) /'welθi/ rich • Jack is a wealthy man who gives a lot of his money to charity. > wealth (n) 2.38 **co-operation** (n) /kəບ,ຍpə'reɪʃən/ working with sb and helping them • There's a lot of work to do and I'd appreciate your co-operation. ➤ co-operate (v), co-operative (adj) 2.39 **dietary** (n) / 'daɪətərɪ/ relating to the kind of food you eat • She doesn't have any special dietary requirements; she eats most things. > diet (n, v) international (adj) /Intə'næʃənl/ 2.40 involving different countries • International travel

became possible for people when the cost of air travel fell.

2.41 trade (v) /treid/

buy and sell • Kotsovolos is a chain of shops that trade in electrical goods. ➤ trade (n), trader (n)

2.42 **mayor** (n) / mεə/

a person who has been elected to represent a town or city • The mayor of our town opened the new library.

2.43 event (n) / I'vent/

a planned, organised occasion such as a party or sports competition • I love going to events like weddings or formal parties.

conditions (pl n) /kən'dɪʃənz/ 2.44 the things in people's lives that affect their comfort, safety or success • The people lived in terrible conditions: their houses were dirty and they didn't have clean drinking water.

Business	
availability chain company do business employment export globalisation goods	import manufacture outsourcing professional profit service trade unemployed

Vocabulary

2.47

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- 2.45 universal (adj) /juInI'v3ISəl/ relating to everyone and everything • Climate change is a universal problem that affects us all. > universe (n), universally (adv)
- 2.46 knowledge (n) /'nplidz/ information you have about sth • Before the Internet, people has less knowledge of the world and other cultures. know (v), knowledgeable (adj)
 - society (n) /sə'saɪəti/ a group of people living in same place with a similar way of life • Western society focuses too much on money and success. ➤ social (adj), socially (adv)
- 2.48 **belief** (n) /bɪ'liːf/ a feeling that sth is true • It is my belief that the climate will change our lives this century. ≻ believe (v) ∞ Opp: disbelief
- 2.49 **concept** (n) /'kpnsept/ idea • Dad says youngsters have no concept of what life was like before the Internet.
- aspect (n) /'æspekt/ 2.50 part • The best aspect of our visit was the delicious food.
- occurrence (n) /ə'kʌrəns/ 2.51 sth that happens • Floods didn't use to be such a frequent occurrence. > occur (v)

2.52 phenomenon (n) /fɪ'nɒmɪnən/ a fact or event in nature or society, usually one not fully understood

Weather is a natural phenomenon which humans cannot *control.* > phenomenal (adj) Solution № NB: Plural = phenomena expand (v) /Iks'pænd/ 2.53 become bigger • The company has expanded and now has two new offices in the UK. ➤ expansion (n) extend (v) /Ik'stend/ 2.54 stretch • The Roman Empire extended across much of Europe and parts of northern Africa. > extent, extension (n), extensive (adj) exchange (v) /ɪks'tʃeɪnʤ/ 2.55 change for sth else • I exchanged email addresses with my new colleagues in our Paris office. > exchange (n) 2.56 provide (v) /prə'vaid/ give • Does this hotel provide free Wi-Fi or do I have to go to an Internet café? > provision (n) 2.57 swap (v) /swbp/ change one thing for another • We swapped email addresses so we could keep in touch. 2.58 reindeer (n) /'reindiə/ a deer with horns that lives in northern countries • Rudolph is a famous reindeer with a red nose! canal (n) /kə'næl/ 2.59 a long, man-made stretch of water for boats to travel on • We travelled in a gondola along the canals of Venice. 2.60 **spice** (n) /spais/ powder or seeds from a plant with a strong taste or smell used in cooking • Cumin is a strong spice which you can put in meatballs to make them tasty. \succ spicy (adj) 2.61 highway (n) / 'haɪ,weɪ/ a main road, one that usually connects towns or cities • It takes only fifteen minutes to get to my house if you drive on the highway. 2.62 **drive-through** (n) /'draɪv-θruɪ/ a restaurant where you buy your food from your car and then drive away with it • We got burgers at the drive-through and didn't even have to get out of the car. windmill (n) /'windmil/ 2.63 a tall building with sails that turn as the wind blows • There are windmills on the island of Mykonos. 2.64 **mummy** (n) /'mʌmɪ/ a dead body that was preserved long ago by being rubbed with oils and wrapped in a cloth • The archaeologist found a number of mummies in the pyramid. > mummify (v) 2.65 cuisine (n) /kwɪ'ziɪn/ a region's characteristic style of cooking • I love Italian cuisine, especially the dishes of Sicily.

- 2.66 dog sledding (n) /døg 'sladıŋ/ a sport where dogs pull a sled along the snow
 There are dog-sledding competitions in Canada every winter.
- 2.67 civilisation (n) /sIvəlaI'zeI∫n/ organised human society • The civilisation of Ancient Greece had a great influence on the world.
 ≻ civilise (v), civilised (adj)
- 2.68 export (n) /'ekspoit/ selling goods to another country ● China's exports include clothes an electrical goods. >> export (v)
- 2.69 homeland (n) /'həʊmlænd/ native country • I live abroad, but one day I will return to my homeland.

2.70 influence (n) /'Inflʊəns/ affecting the way people think or act Powerful countries often want to have an influence on other countries and control them. > influence (v), influential (adj)

- 2.71 network (n) /'netw3ĭk/ a large number of roads that cross and meet at many points ● Germany has an excellent transport network.
- **2.72 port** (n) /pɔːt/ a town by the sea with a harbour • *The ferry docked at the port of Piraeus.*

2.73 roadway (n) /'rəʊdweɪ/

the part of a road used by vehicles • You'll need a jeep in the countryside because there isn't a good roadway.

2.74 proper (adj) /'prppə/ appropriate; correct ● There wasn't any proper heating in the hotel and we were very cold. > properly (adv)

2.75 efficient (adj) /1'f1∫nt/ having or producing the best result The most efficient way get across Athens is to use the Metro. ➤ efficiency (n), efficiently (adv) Sopp: inefficient

2.76 extensive (adj) /Iks'tensIv/

very great ● The fire caused extensive damage and it cost a lot of money to repair the house. ➤ extend (v), extent (n)

2.77 import (n) /'Impoit/ bringing goods from another country The import of goods such as clothes from Bangladesh is common in the UK. ➤ import (v)

- 2.78 trade route (n) /treid ruit/ the way goods travel from one place to another
 One famous trade route was the Silk Road, which enabled trade between Asia and Europe.
- 2.79 land (n) /lænd/ area of ground ● The Silk Road was an important trade route over land that connected Europe to Asia.
- **2.80 conduct** (v) /kən'dʌkt/ organise or do sth • *The scientist conducted a number of experiments.*

- 2.81 caravan (n) /'kærəvæn/ a group of people, animals and vehicles travelling together • Caravans have been travelling across deserts for centuries.
- 2.82 domesticate (v) /də'mestikeit/ tame an animal and keep it as a pet or on a farm • Humans domesticated the dog thousands of years ago. >> domesticated (adj), domestic (adj)
- 2.83 transfer (v) /træns'f3ː/ move sth from one place to another • We transferred our bags to a taxi when we got off the ferry. ≻ transfer (n)
- 2.84 found (v) /faʊnd/ start sth like a a city, business etc • The Romans founded the city of Londinium, known today as London. ➤ founder (n)
- **2.85 textile** (n) /'tekstaIl/ cloth; material • *Polyester is a modern synthetic textile.*
- 2.86 pottery (n) /'pptəri/ plates, dishes etc made from clay and then baked • We saw lots of ancient pottery in the museum, but my favourite was a beautiful dish.

Traded products

dairy product pottery spice textile

Grammar

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- 2.87 tribe (n) /traɪb/ a group of people of the same race, language and customs ● The cultures of the different Amazonian tribes are very interesting. >> tribal (adj)
- **2.88** elect (n) / I'lεkt/
 If people elect sb, they choose a person to represent them by voting. The people of the village elected Mrs Browne as mayor.
 ≻ election (n)
- 2.89 conquer (n) /'kpŋkə/ If one country or group of people conquers another, they take complete control of their land. • The Romans conquered Britain in the first century AD. ➤ conqueror, conquest (n)
- 2.90 spill (n) / spil / If you spill a liquid, it accidentally flows over the edge of its container. • I spilt coffee all over the cream-coloured carpet.
- 2.91 contribute (v) /kən'trɪbjuːt/
 help to make sth happen The army contributed
 to the expansion of the Roman Empire.
 > contribution (n)
- **2.92** form (n) /fɔːm/ type • Early forms of writing look like pictures rather than letters. \geq form (v)

- 2.93 record (n) /'rekɔːd/ an account of sth in writing, photographs etc so that you can refer to it later
 Records of births and deaths are kept at the local council.
- 2.94 establish (v) /IS'tæblI∫/ create sth like a city, system or organisation
 Many cities established themselves along rivers where traders passed.
- **2.95** spring up (phr v) /sprin Δp/ suddenly start to exist • A new block of flats has sprung up in our neighbourhood.
- 2.97 waterway (n) /'wɔːtəweɪ/ a river, canal, or other route for travel by water
 The Corinth Canal is a narrow waterway.
- **2.98 come up with** (phr v) /k∧m ∧p wIð/ think of • *The Arabs first came up with the concept of zero*.
- 2.99 farming (n) /'faːmɪŋ/ growing crops and raising animals ● Farming is difficult as working on the land is backbreaking work. ➤ farm, farmer (n)

2.100 handle (v) /'hændl/

cope with • People from the north tend to handle the cold winter weather better than southerners.

2.101 regular (adj) /ˈrɛɡjʊlə/

happening at equal intervals ● She has regular, twice-yearly appointments at the dentist because she wants to have healthy teeth.
➤ regularly (adv)

2.102 flood (n) /fl^d/

a large amount of water that covers an area that is usually dry \bullet Every year there are floods after the first rains because so many trees are lost in forest fires. \succ flood (v)

- 2.103 **agriculture** (n) /'ægrīk∧ltʃə/ farming • *He is a farmer and has always worked in agriculture.* ➤ agricultural (adj)
- 2.104 incredible (adj) /1n'kred1bl/ unbelievable ● It is incredible that the Ancient Egyptians built the pyramids with simple tools ➤ incredibly (adv)
- 2.105 advancement (n) /∂d'vaːnsmənt/ progress • He owes his rapid career advancement to hard work. ≻ advance (n, v)
- 2.106 archaeologist (n) /aːkɪ'blədʒɪst/ sb who studies the past by examining ruins and objects found in the ground • British archaeologists found the ancient city of Pavlopetri in 1967. ➤ archaeology (n), archaeological (adj)

2.107 dig (v) /dɪg/

make a hole in the ground • The archaeologist dug carefully and found a skeleton.

- 2.108 ruin (n) /'ruIIn/ a building that has been partly destroyed
 The ruins of the temple of Poseidon at Sounion are very beautiful. ➤ ruin (v)
- 2.109 temple (n) /'templ/ religious building where people worship
 The temple of Poseidon is at Sounion.
- 2.110 depiction (n) /dɪ'pɪk∫ən/ representing sb or sth in painting, drawing or writing ● *I* thought the novelist's depiction of the hero was excellent. > depict (v)
- 2.111 Assyrian (n) /ə'sɪrɪən/ a person from the ancient kingdom of Mesopotamia, which stretched from Egypt to the Persian Gulf • The culture of the Assyrian Empire produced great art. ➤ Assyria (n)
- 2.112 warrior (n) /'wpriə/ a fighter; a soldier • The warriors fought with swords. ➤ war (n)

Synonyms

call for = require extend = stretch call off = cancel farming = agriculture

Listening

page 22

- 2.113 house (v) /haūz/ If a building, place or container houses sth, it is kept there. ● Hundreds of famous paintings are housed in the Louvre.
- 2.114 date back (to) (phr v) /deIt bæk (tuI)/ exist from a time in the past • The Parthenon dates back to the 5th century BC.
- 2.115 major (adj) /'meɪdʒə/ important ● Brussels is a major European city where many important decisions are made.
- 2.116 illuminate (v) / I'luImI,neIt/ light up; decorate with lights • The Parthenon is illuminated at night. ➤ illumination (n)

Grammar page 24

- 2.117 air force (n) /ɛə fɔːs/ the part of a country's military organisation that is concerned with fighting in the air • *He joined the air force and flew planes during the war.*
- 2.118 oversleep (n) / ,əʊvə'sliːp/ sleep for longer than you intended to • She overslept and missed the bus.

Use your English page 25

2.119 call round (phr v) /kɔːl raʊnd/ visit • Let's call round at Tina's house and see if she wants to come out with us.

- **2.120** call back (phr v) /kɔːl bæk/ phone later • I have to go now, but I'll call you back.
- **2.121** call off (phr v) /kɔːl ɒf/ cancel • The visit to the museum was called off because there was a strike.
- 2.122 call up (phr v) /kɔːl ʌp/ phone • I called up Wendy, but she didn't answer her phone.
- 2.123 call out (phr v) /kɔːl aʊt/ say aloud • Mr Jones called out all the pupils' names.
- 2.124 call on (phr v) /kɔːl ɒn/ ask sb to do sth • The boss called on me to prepare the agenda for the monthly meeting.
- **2.125** call for (phr v) /kɔːl fɔː/ require • Dealing with climate change calls for action from governments worldwide
- 2.126 call in (phr v) /kɔːl ɪn/ ask sb to come to a particular place to do sth for you ● She called in a plumber to fix the kitchen tap.
- 2.127 electrician (n) /Ilek'trI∫n/ sb who installs and mends electrical equipment
 An electrician fitted new lights for us. ➤ electricity (n), electric (adj)

2.129 honesty (n) /'pnəsti/ being honest; telling the truth • People trust him because of his honesty; he always tells the truth. ➤ honest (adj), honestly (adv) Sopp: dishonesty

- 2.131 cancel (v) /'kænsl/ call off; decide that sth will not take place
 The concert was cancelled because the lead singer was sick. ➤ cancellation (n)
- 2.132 reputation (n) /repjʊ'teɪ∫n/ the opinion people have of sb • He has built a reputation as a hard-working employee. >> reputable (adj)
- 2.133 empire (n) /'empaiə/ all the countries under the control of one ruler • The Romans created an enormous empire that stretched across much of Europe.
 > emperor (n), imperial (adj)
- 2.134 impression (n) /Im'pre∫n/ Your impression of sb or sth is what you think they are like. • *His untidy clothes made a bad impression on the interviewer.* ➤ impress (v), impressive (adj)

2.135 space (n) /speis/ place; area ● We saved space by buying a small sofa. ➤ spacious (adj)

- 2.136 stretch (v) /stret∫/ extend • White cliffs stretch along the south coast of England. ➤ stretch (n)
- **2.137** medical condition (n) /'mɛdɪkəl kən'dɪ∫ən/ a problem with your health • Stephen Hawking suffers from a severe medical condition.
- 2.138 relief (n) /rɪ'liɪf/
 If you feel relief from pain, you no longer
 feel pain. Take some aspirin; it will give
 you relief from your headache.
 > relieve (v)
- 2.139 professional (adj) /prə'fe∫ənl/ doing a job to earn money • Some professional football players make a lot of money.
 > profession (n), professional (n)

Writing: an opinion

essay

pages 26–27

- 2.140 sum up (phr v) /sAm Ap/ briefly describe the main features of sth
 He summed up the main ideas at the end of the lesson.
- **2.141** grasp (v) / graisp / understand • He just couldn't grasp the rules of the game.
- **2.142** view (n) /vjuː/ opinion • My view is that wealthy people should help the poor.
- 2.143 to my mind (exp) /tə maɪ maɪnd/ in my opinion ● To my mind, she is a great artist, but perhaps you disagree.
- **2.144 do business** (exp) /duː 'biznis/ work or trade with • Many Greek companies do business in the UK and you can buy Greek foods in British supermarkets.
- 2.145 pleasure (n) /'pleʒə(r)/ happiness, enjoyment or satisfaction
 He gets a lot of pleasure from his work. > please (v), pleased (adj), pleasant (adj)
- **2.146 be worth the effort** (expr) /biː wɜːθ ðiː 'efət/ be a good idea to try sth • *It was worth the effort* to climb to the top of the mountain because the view was amazing.
- 2.147 effectively (adv) / I'fektIvli/ in a way that gets the result you wanted
 They dealt with the problem effectively.
 > effect (n), effective (adj)
- 2.148 recent (adj) /'riĭSənt/ happening a short time ago • How was your recent visit to London? ➤ recently (adv)
- 2.149 cultural awareness (n) /'k∧lt∫ərəl ə'weənıs/ knowing about and understanding a different culture • *Reading books by foreign writers has increased my cultural awareness.*

2.150 key (n) /kiː/

the way to achieve sth • The key to enjoying your trip is to find out a bit about the place you are going to visit.

2.151 enrich (v) /In'rItʃ/

improve the quality of sth \bullet Doing a course in pottery-making has enriched her life by giving her a new interest. \succ enrichment (n)

- 2.152 conclude (v) /kən'kluːd/ finish ● To conclude, I want to thank you all for coming. >> conclusion (n), conclusive (adj)
- **2.153 abroad** (adv) /ə'brɔːd/ in another country • She moved abroad and had to learn the language of the country.

Phrasal verbs

all back	call on	come up with
call for	call out	date back (to)
call in call off	call round call up	spring up

Video: A Special Type of Neighbourhood page 28

- 2.154 neighbourhood (n) /'neɪbəhʊd/ part of a town • We live in a friendly neighbourhood and we know everyone there. ➤ neighbour (n)
- 2.155 immigrate (v) /'ImIgreIt/ come to live or work in a foreign country
 We immigrated from India to the USA ten years ago, so our six-year-old was born here.
 >> immigration, immigrant (n)
- 2.156 community member (n) /kə'mju:nəti 'membə/ sb who is part of a social group in a particular area ● Community members met at the town hall to discuss rising crime in the area.
- 2.157 relative (n) /'rel∂tīv/ a family member • Her oldest relative is her great-grandfather.
- 2.158 organisation (n) /ɔːɡənaɪ'zeɪ∫n/ an official group • *WWF is an organisation that tries to save animals.* ≻ organise (v)
- **2.159 district** (n) /'dIstrIkt/ area • There are many homeless people in the poorer districts of the city.
- 2.160 mural (n) /'mjʊərəl/ a painting or other work of art on a wall ● Many murals are really good graffiti.
- **2.161** raise (v) /reiz/ collect (money) • Our school raised money for poor families.
- 2.162 reflect (v) /rɪ'flekt/ show what sth is like ● His books reflect life in the poorer districts of Chicago. ➤ reflection (n)

- 2.163 choir (n) /kwaIə/ a group of people who sing together.
 Our choir sang at the school concert.
- 2.164 natural disaster (n) /'nætrl dɪ'zaɪstə/ an event like an earthquake, flood, storm or fire that causes destruction and injuries or death • The earthquake in Japan was a terrible natural disaster.
- 2.165 nation (n) /'nei∫n/ an individual country • Greece is a small European nation. > national (n)
- **2.166 lively** (adj) /'laɪvli / interesting and exciting • The tarantella is a lively Italian dance.
- 2.167 fairness (n) /'feənis/
 being fair or just The teacher treated us with
 fairness and listened to all of our views.
 > fair (adj)